**Python Code Challenges: Lists**

**Python Code Challenges involving Lists**

This article will help you review Python functions by providing some code challenges involving lists.

Some of these challenges are difficult! Take some time to think about them before starting to code.

You might not get the solution correct on your first try — look at your output, try to find where you’re going wrong, and iterate on your solution.

Finally, if you get stuck, use our solution code! If you “Check Answer” twice with an incorrect solution, you should see an option to get our solution code. However, truly investigate that solution — experiment and play with the solution code until you have a good grasp of how it is working. Good luck!

**Function Syntax**

As a refresher, function syntax looks like this:

def some\_function(some\_input1, some\_input2):  
  # … do something with the inputs …  
  return output

For example, a function that returns the sum of the first and last elements of a given list might look like this:

def first\_plus\_last(lst):  
  return lst[0] + lst[-1]

And this would produce output like:

>>> first\_plus\_last([1, 2, 3, 4])  
5  
>>> first\_plus\_last([8, 2, 5, -8])  
0  
>>> first\_plus\_last([-10, 2, 3, -4])  
-14

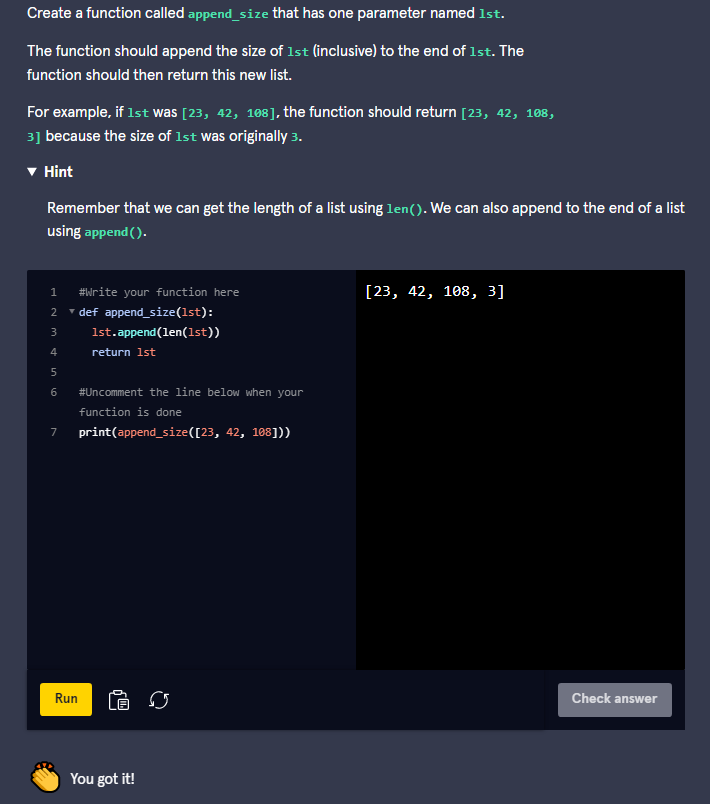
**Challenges**

We’ve included 5 list challenges below. Try to answer all of them and polish up your problem-solving skills and your list expertise

**1. Append Size**

For the first code challenge, we are going to calculate the length of a list and then append the value to the end of the list. Here is what we need to do:

1. Define the function to accept one parameter for our list
2. Get the length of the list
3. Append the length of the list to the end of the list
4. Return the modified list



Here is this solution:

def append\_size(lst):  
  lst.append(len(lst))  
  return lst

We can get the length and append it at the same time by nesting the function calls as shown in the solution. Afterward, we return the modified list.